

A condition where the brain is unable to receive signals of distress from the nervous system (full bladder/bowel, pain, infection, etc.), requiring the body to utilize other methods to convey information. Those with spinal cord injury at the sixth nerve of the thoracic spine or above are most commonly at risk, and in some cases the seventh and eighth nerve. Complete/Incomplete injuries are also at risk.

## **SIGNS & SYMPTOMS**

- · Sudden/Significant Flevation of BP
- · Severe Headache
- Profuse Sweating
- Goosebumps
- Blurred Vision
- Seeing Spots Flushed Skin

- Nasal Congestion
- Slowed Pulse
- Tightness of Chest
- Anxiety

## **EMERGENCY TREATMENT**

- + Sit up or raise head to 90°. Remain upright until BP is normal, based on SCI patient's normal baseline.
  - + Monitor BP every 5 minutes.
- Loosen or remove tight clothing.
  Check/empty bowel or bladder.

To obtain a complete guide, call toll-free 888.860.7244 or visit pva.org.



